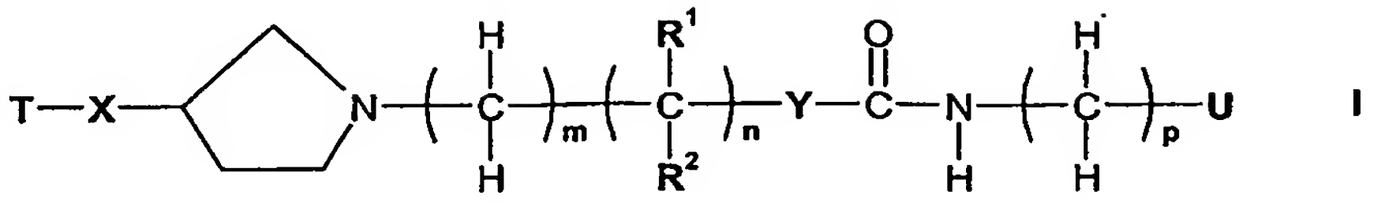
CLAIMS

1. A compound of formula I



I

in free or salt form, wherein

T is phenyl or a 5- or 6- membered heterocyclic ring wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur;

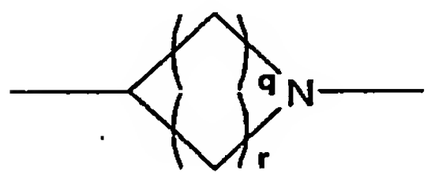
X is -O-, carbonyl or a bond;

R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, carboxy, C_1-C_8-alkoxy, and C_1-C_8-alkyl optionally substituted by hydroxy, C_1-C_8-alkoxy, acyloxy, halo, carboxy, C_1-C_8-alkoxycarbonyl, -N(R^a)R^b, -CON(R^c)R^d or by a monovalent cyclic organic group having 3 to 15 atoms in the ring system;

Y is

where R^3 is hydrogen or C_1-C_8-alkyl,

or Y is

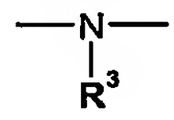


where q and r are independently 1 or 2;

U is a cyclic group selected from the group consisting of phenyl, C_3-C_8-cycloalkyl, and a 5- or 6- membered heterocyclic ring wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur;

m is a whole number from 0 to 8;

n is an integer from 1 to 8 except when Y is



then n is an integer from 2 to 8;

p is a whole number from 0 to 4;

R^a and R^b are each independently hydrogen or C_1-C_8-alkyl, or R^a is hydrogen and R^b is hydroxy-C_1-C_8-alkyl, acyl, $-SO_2R^e$ or $-CON(R^c)R^d$, or R^a and R^b together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a 5-or 6-membered heterocyclic group wherein at

least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur;

R^c and R^d are each independently hydrogen or C_1-C_8-alkyl, or R^c and R^d together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic group wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur; and

R^e is C_1-C_8-alkyl, C_1-C_8-haloalkyl, or phenyl optionally substituted by C_1-C_8-alkyl.

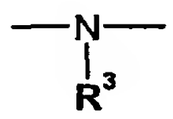
2. A compound according to claim 1, wherein

T is phenyl optionally substituted by halo;

X is -O-;

R^1 and R^2 are both hydrogen;

Y is



where R^3 is hydrogen,

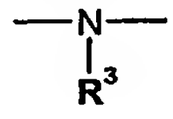
or Y is

where q and r are both 2;

U is phenyl optionally substituted by halo, nitro or C_1-C_8-alkoxy;

m is a whole number from 0 to 8;

n is an integer from 1 to 8 except when Y is



then n is an integer from 2 to 8; and

p is 0.

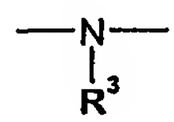
3. A compound according to claim 1, wherein

T is phenyl optionally substituted by halo, preferably fluoro;

X is -O-;

R^1 and R^2 are both hydrogen;

Y is



where R^3 is hydrogen,

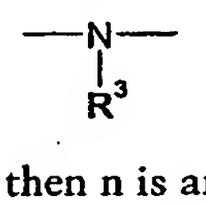
or Y is

where q and r are both 2;

U is phenyl optionally substituted by halo, nitro or C_1-C_4-alkoxy, where halo is preferably fluoro and/or chloro;

m is a whole number from 0 to 4;

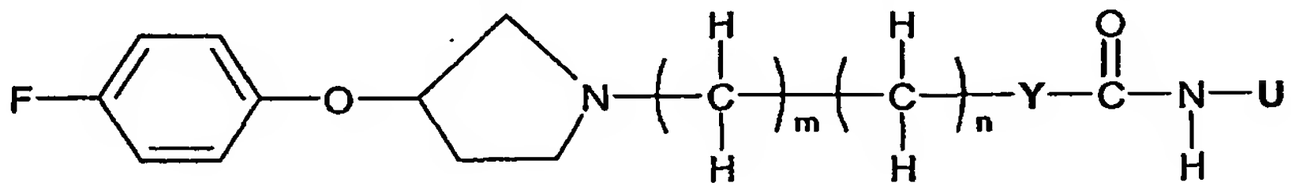
n is an integer from 1 to 4 except when Y is



then n is an integer from 2 to 4; and

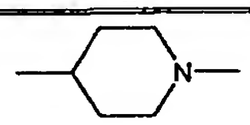
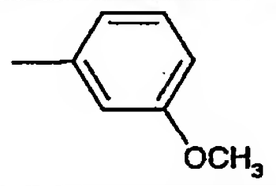
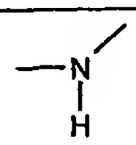
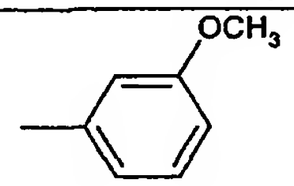
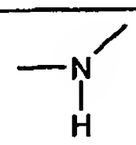
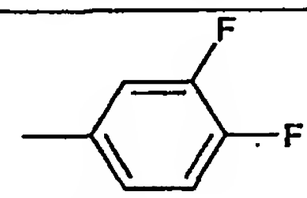
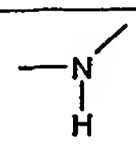
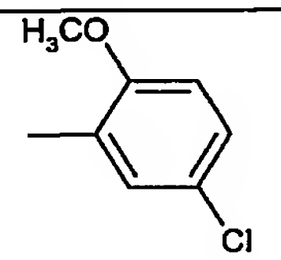
p is 0.

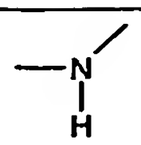
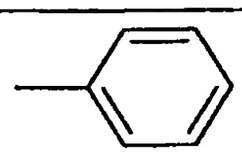
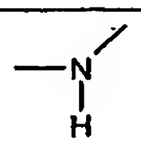
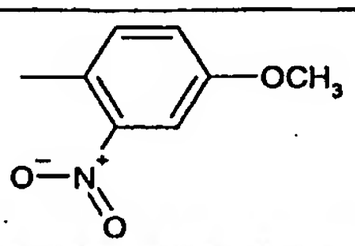
4. A compound of formula I that is also a compound of formula XI



XI

in free or salt form, wherein m, n, Y and U are as shown in the following table:

m	n	Y	U
0	1		
1	2		
1	2		
1	2		

1	3		
1	3		

5. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 for use as a pharmaceutical.

6. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 in combination with at least one drug substance which is an anti-inflammatory, a bronchodilator, an antihistamine, a decongestant or an anti-tussive drug substance.

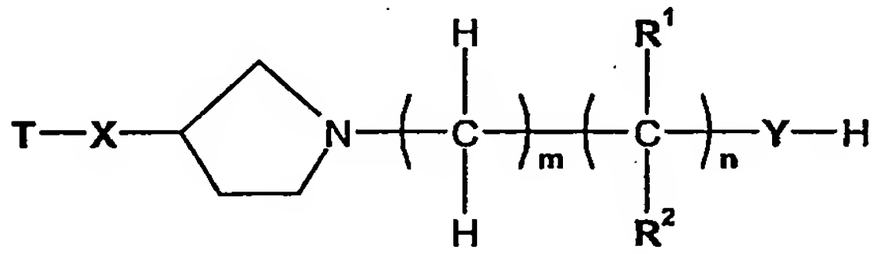
7. A pharmaceutical composition comprising as active ingredient a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4, optionally together with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier therefor.

8. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a condition mediated by CCR-3.

9. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of an inflammatory or allergic condition, particularly an inflammatory or obstructive airways disease.

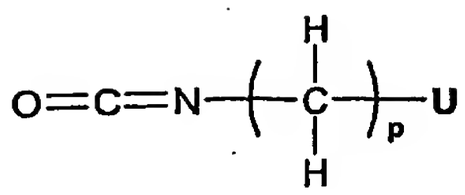
10. A process for the preparation of compounds of formula I as defined in claim 1, which comprises:

(i) reacting a compound of formula II



II

wherein T, X, R^1, R^2, Y, m and n are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of formula III

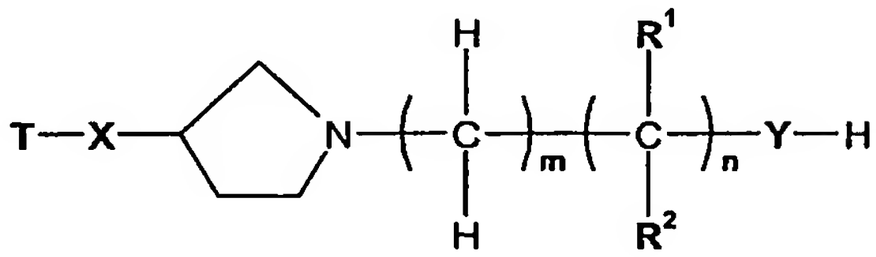


III

wherein p and U are as defined in claim 1; and

(ii) recovering the product in free or salt form.

11. A compound of formula II



II

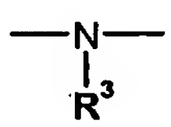
in free or salt form, wherein

T is phenyl or a 5- or 6- membered heterocyclic ring wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur;

X is -O-, carbonyl or a bond;

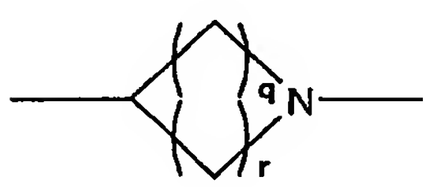
R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, carboxy, C_1-C_8-alkoxy, and C_1-C_8-alkyl optionally substituted by hydroxy, C_1-C_8-alkoxy, acyloxy, halo, carboxy, C_1-C_8-alkoxycarbonyl, $-N(R^a)R^b$, $-CON(R^c)R^d$ or by a monovalent cyclic organic group having 3 to 15 atoms in the ring system;

Y is



where R^3 is hydrogen or C_1-C_8-alkyl,

or Y is



where q and r are independently 1 or 2;

m is a whole number from 0 to 8;

n is an integer from 1 to 8 except when Y is

then n is an integer from 2 to 8;

R^a and R^b are each independently hydrogen or C_1-C_8-alkyl, or R^a is hydrogen and R^b is hydroxy-C_1-C_8-alkyl, acyl, $-SO_2R^e$ or $-CON(R^c)R^d$, or R^a and R^b together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a 5-or 6-membered heterocyclic group wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur;

R^c and R^d are each independently hydrogen or C_1-C_8-alkyl, or R^c and R^d together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic group wherein at least one of the ring atoms is selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur; and

R^e is C_1-C_8-alkyl, C_1-C_8-haloalkyl, or phenyl optionally substituted by C_1-C_8-alkyl.